

Medium used for the isolation and identification of coliforms.

• CONTENTS (Liter)

Peptone	10.0 g
Lactose	10.0 g
Sodium Desoxycholate	1.0 g
Sodium Chloride	5.0 g
Dipotassium Phosphate	2.0 g
Ferric Ammonium Citrate	1.0 g
Trisodium Citrate	1.0 g
Neutral Red	0.03 g
Agar	15.0 g
Final pH = 7.3 \pm 0.2 at 25°C	-

• PROCEDURE

Suspend 45.03 G of powder in 1 L of distilled or deionized water. Heat to boiling until completely dissolved. DO NOT AUTOCLAVE. Cool to 45 - 50°C in water bath. Mix well. Pour into petri dishes.

INTERPRETATION

Desoxycholate Agar is a medium used for the isolation and identification of coliforms. Peptone is the nitrogen and vitamin sources. Lactose is the fermentable carbohydrate. Sodium desoxycholate, ferric ammonium citrate and trisodium citrate inhibit the growth of the Gram-positive microorganisms. Sodium chloride maintains the osmotic balance. Dipotassium phosphate is the buffering agent. Neutral red is a pH indicator. Agar is the solidifying agent.

TECHNIC

Inoculate the specimen using a sterile loop to the medium. Incubate at 35 \pm 2°C for 18 - 24 hours. Refer appropriate references for recommended test procedure.

• QUALITY CONTROL FOR USE

Microorganism	ATCC	Inoculum CFU	Growth	Characteristics
Escherichia coli	25922	50-100	good	pink colonies with bile precipitates
Salmonella typhimurium	14028	50-100	good	colorless colonies
Enterococcus faecalis	29212	≥10 ³	inhibited	-

• STORE

The powder is very hygroscopic. Store the powder at room temperature, in a dry environment, in its original container tightly closed and use it before the expiry date on the label. Store prepared medium at 2 - 8°C.

• REFERENCES

- 1. Leifson, E. (1935). J. Pathol. Bacteriol. 40; 581-599.
- 2. APHA (1998). Standard methods for the examination of water and wastewater. 20th Ed.

PACKAGE

Cat. No : MB-D1414 Desoxycholate Agar

500 G

